

CLASSIFICATION DES ALGÈBRES DE LIE SIMPLES RÉELLES

Algèbres de lie à structure complexe et algèbres de lie compactes (cf HELGASON 1978 p 516)

Isomorphismes $\mathfrak{so}(3, \mathbb{C}) \simeq \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{C})$; $\mathfrak{u}(2, \mathbb{C}) \simeq \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{C})$; $\mathfrak{u}(4, \mathbb{C}) \simeq \mathfrak{so}(5, \mathbb{C})$; $\mathfrak{so}(6, \mathbb{C}) \simeq \mathfrak{sl}(4, \mathbb{C})$; [et $\mathfrak{so}(4, \mathbb{C}) \simeq \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{C}) \times \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{C})$]
 $\mathfrak{so}(3) \simeq \mathfrak{su}(2)$; $\mathfrak{u}(1) \simeq \mathfrak{su}(2)$; $\mathfrak{u}(2) \simeq \mathfrak{so}(5)$; $\mathfrak{so}(6) \simeq \mathfrak{su}(4)$; [et $\mathfrak{so}(4) \simeq \mathfrak{su}(2) \times \mathfrak{su}(2)$]

tyj ed alg lie simple / \mathbb{C}	\mathfrak{g} gr lie complexe d'alg lie \mathfrak{G}	U sous gr compact max de \mathfrak{G}	$Z(U)$ centre du sous-unité de U	dim U
$a_n (n > 1)$	$SL(n+1, \mathbb{C})$	$SU(n+1)$	$\mathbb{Z}/(n+1)\mathbb{Z}$	$n(n+2)$
$b_n (n > 1)$	$SO(2n+1, \mathbb{C})$	$SO(2n+1)$	$\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$	$n(2n+1)$
$c_n (n > 1)$	$Sp(2n, \mathbb{C})$	$Sp(n)$	$\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$	$n(2n+1)$
$d_n (n > 3)$	$SO(2n, \mathbb{C})$	$SO(2n)$	$\mathbb{Z}/4\mathbb{Z}$ si n impair $\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$ si n pair	$n(2n-1)$
e_6	$E_6^{\mathbb{C}}$	E_6	$\mathbb{Z}/3\mathbb{Z}$	78
e_7	$E_7^{\mathbb{C}}$	E_7	$\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$	133
e_8	$E_8^{\mathbb{C}}$	E_8	$\{1\}$	248
f_4	$F_4^{\mathbb{C}}$	F_4	$\{1\}$	52
g_2	$G_2^{\mathbb{C}}$	G_2	$\{1\}$	14

De plus $\mathfrak{g}_{\mathbb{R}} \simeq \mathfrak{u}_{\mathbb{C}}$ et :

- un groupe de lie réel semi-simple connexe a même centre et même groupe fondamental qu'un de ses sous-groupes compacts maximaux;
- une algèbre de lie de dim finie sur \mathbb{C} a même dimension (sur \mathbb{C}) qu'une de ses formes réelles (sur \mathbb{R}).

Autres algèbres de lie simples réelles (cf ONISHCHIK et VINBERG 1990 p 312 à p 317)

Isomorphismes $\mathfrak{su}(1,1) \simeq \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{R})$; $\mathfrak{so}(1,2) \simeq \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{R})$; $\mathfrak{u}(2, \mathbb{R}) \simeq \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{R})$; $\mathfrak{u}(1,1) \simeq \mathfrak{so}(1,4)$; $\mathfrak{u}(4, \mathbb{R}) \simeq \mathfrak{so}(2,3)$;
 $\mathfrak{so}^*(8) \simeq \mathfrak{so}(2,6)$; $\mathfrak{so}(3,3) \simeq \mathfrak{sl}(4, \mathbb{R})$; $\mathfrak{so}(1,5) \simeq \mathfrak{su}^*(4)$; $\mathfrak{so}^*(6) \simeq \mathfrak{su}(1,3)$; $\mathfrak{so}(2,4) \simeq \mathfrak{su}(2,2)$;
 [et $\mathfrak{so}(1,3) \simeq \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{C})|_{\mathbb{R}}$; $\mathfrak{so}(2,2) \simeq \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{R}) \times \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{R})$; $\mathfrak{so}^*(4) \simeq \mathfrak{su}(2) \times \mathfrak{sl}(2, \mathbb{R})$]

$\mathfrak{g}(\mathbb{C})$	\mathfrak{g}	\mathfrak{l}	Satake diagram	Type of Σ	r	dim \mathfrak{g}_{λ_j}	dim $\mathfrak{g}_{2\lambda_j}$
$\mathfrak{sl}_{l+1}(\mathbb{C})$ ($l \geq 1$)	$\mathfrak{sl}_{l+1}(\mathbb{R})$	\mathfrak{so}_{l+1}	$1 \text{---} 2 \text{---} \dots \text{---} \ell-1 \text{---} \ell$	A_{ℓ}	$r(\alpha_j) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq \ell$)	1	0
	SU_{2p+2}^* ($l = 2p+1, p \geq 1$)	\mathfrak{sp}_{p+1}	$2 \text{---} \dots \text{---} 2p$	A_p	$r(\alpha_j) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq p$)	4	0
	$\mathfrak{su}_{p, l+1-p}$ ($1 \leq p \leq \ell/2$)	$\mathfrak{su}_p \oplus \mathfrak{u}_{l+1-p}$	$1 \text{---} 2 \text{---} \dots \text{---} p$ $\uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow$ $\ell \text{---} \ell-1 \text{---} \dots \text{---} \ell+1-p$	BC_p	$r(\alpha_j) = r(\alpha_{l+1-j}) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq p$)	$2 (j \leq p+1)$ $2(l+1-2p) (j=p)$	0 1
	$\mathfrak{su}_{p,p}$ ($l = 2p-1, p \geq 2$)	$\mathfrak{su}_p \oplus \mathfrak{u}_p$	$1 \text{---} 2 \text{---} \dots \text{---} p-1$ $\uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow$ $2p-1 \text{---} 2p-2 \text{---} \dots \text{---} p+1$	C_p	$r(\alpha_j) = r(\alpha_{2p-j}) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq p$)	$2 (j \leq p-1)$ $1 (j=p)$	0
$\mathfrak{so}_{2l+1}(\mathbb{C})$ ($l \geq 1$)	$\mathfrak{so}_{p, 2l+1-p}$ ($1 \leq p \leq l$)	$\mathfrak{so}_p \oplus \mathfrak{so}_{2l+1-p}$	$1 \text{---} 2 \text{---} \dots \text{---} p$ $\dots \dots \dots$ \rightleftharpoons	B_p	$r(\alpha_j) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq p$)	$1 (j \leq p-1)$ $2(l-p)+1 (j=p)$	0
$\mathfrak{sp}_{2l}(\mathbb{C})$ ($l \geq 1$)	$\mathfrak{sp}_{2l}(\mathbb{R})$	\mathfrak{u}_l	$1 \text{---} 2 \text{---} \dots \text{---} \ell-1 \text{---} \ell$	C_{ℓ}	$r(\alpha_j) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq \ell$)	1	0
	$\mathfrak{sp}_{p, l-p}$ ($1 \leq p \leq \frac{1}{2}(l-1)$)	$\mathfrak{sp}_p \oplus \mathfrak{sp}_{l-p}$	$2 \text{---} \dots \text{---} 2p$ $\dots \dots \dots$ \rightleftharpoons	BC_p	$r(\alpha_j) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq p$)	$4 (j \leq p-1)$ $4(l-2p) (j=p)$	0 3
	$\mathfrak{sp}_{p,p}$ ($l = 2p$)	$\mathfrak{sp}_p \oplus \mathfrak{sp}_p$	$2 \text{---} \dots \text{---} 2p-2 \text{---} 2p$ $\dots \dots \dots$ \rightleftharpoons	C_p	$r(\alpha_j) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq p$)	$4 (j \leq p-1)$ $3 (j=p)$	0

$g(C)$	g	l	Satake diagram	Type of Σ	r	$\dim \mathfrak{a}_\lambda$	$\dim \mathfrak{a}_{2\lambda}$
$so_{2l}(C)$ ($l \geq 3$)	$so_{p, 2l-p}$ ($1 \leq p \leq l-2$)	$so_p \oplus so_{2l-p}$		B_p	$r(\alpha_j) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq p$)	1 ($j \leq p-1$) $2(l-p)$ ($j = p$)	0
	$so_{l-1, l+1}$	$so_{l-1} \oplus so_{l+1}$		B_{l-1}	$r(\alpha_j) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq l-1$) $r(\alpha_l) = \lambda_{l-1}$	1 ($j \leq l-2$) 2 ($j = l-1$)	0
	$so_{l, l}$	$so_l \oplus so_l$		D_l	$r(\alpha_j) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq l$)	1	0
	so_{4p}^* ($l = 2p$)	u_{2p}		C_p	$r(\alpha_{2j}) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq p$)	4 ($j \leq p-1$) 1 ($j = p$)	0
	so_{4p+2}^* ($l = 2p+1$)	u_{2p+1}		BC_p	$r(\alpha_{2j}) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq p$) $r(\alpha_{2p+1}) = \lambda_p$	4	0 ($j \leq p-1$) 1 ($j = p$)
E_6	EI	sp_4		E_6	$r(\alpha_j) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq 6$)	1	0
	EII	$su_2 \oplus su_6$		F_4	$r(\alpha_1) = r(\alpha_5) = \lambda_1$, $r(\alpha_2) = r(\alpha_4) = \lambda_2$, $r(\alpha_3) = \lambda_3, r(\alpha_6) = \lambda_4$	2 ($j = 1, 2$) 1 ($j = 3, 4$)	0
	$EIII$	$so_{10} \oplus \mathbb{R}$		BC_2	$r(\alpha_1) = r(\alpha_5) = \lambda_2$, $r(\alpha_6) = \lambda_1$	6 ($j = 1$) 8 ($j = 2$)	0 1
	EIV	F_4		A_2	$r(\alpha_1) = \lambda_1$, $r(\alpha_5) = \lambda_2$	8	0
E_7	EVI	$su_2 \oplus so_{12}$		F_4	$r(\alpha_2) = \lambda_1, r(\alpha_4) = \lambda_2$, $r(\alpha_5) = \lambda_3, r(\alpha_6) = \lambda_4$	4 ($j = 1, 2$) 1 ($j = 3, 4$)	0
	$EVII$	$E_6 \oplus \mathbb{R}$		C_3	$r(\alpha_6) = \lambda_1, r(\alpha_2) = \lambda_2$, $r(\alpha_1) = \lambda_3$	8 ($j = 1, 2$) 1 ($i = 3$)	0
	$EVIII$	so_{16}		E_8	$r(\alpha_j) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq 8$)	1	0
F_4	FII	$su_2 \oplus sp_3$		F_4	$r(\alpha_j) = \lambda_j$ ($1 \leq j \leq 4$)	1	0
	FI	so_9		BC_1	$r(\alpha_1) = \lambda_1$	8	7
G_2	G	$so_3 \oplus so_3$		G_2	$r(\alpha_j) = \lambda_j$ ($j = 1, 2$)	1	0