

The algebraic curve

$$S = \text{Spa } F \leftarrow \text{perf field}$$

$$X_F = Y_F / \mathcal{O}^{\times} = \text{Cubic space} / E$$

$$+ \forall d \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \mathcal{O}(d) \text{ line bundle} / X_F$$

Has a scheme counterpart by declaring $\mathcal{O}(1)$ ample.

Def: * $P_F = \bigoplus_{d \geq 0} H^0(X_F, \mathcal{O}(d))$
 $\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\mathcal{O}(Y_F)_{\mathcal{O}^{\times}}^d}$

* $X_F^{\text{sch}} = \text{Proj}(P_F)$

Ex: $E = \mathbb{F}_q((\pi)) \quad Y_F = \mathbb{D}_F^*$

$$\mathcal{O}(Y_F) = \left\{ \sum_{m \in \mathbb{Z}} a_m \pi^m / a_n \in F \quad \forall p \in \mathbb{Z} \text{ odd } \left[\lim_{|m| \rightarrow \infty} |a_m| p^m = 0 \right] \right\}$$

$$\varphi \left(\sum_m a_m \pi^m \right) = \sum_m a_m^q \pi^m$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathcal{M}_{\mathbb{F}}^d & \xrightarrow{\sim} & P_{\mathbb{F}, d} \\
 (k_0, \dots, k_{d-1}) & \longmapsto & \sum_{i=0}^{d-1} \sum_{b \in \mathbb{Z}} k_i^{q-b} \pi^{b d + i}
 \end{array}$$

$d \geq 1$ $G_d = \widehat{G}_a^d / \mathbb{F}_q$ formal group

$\hookrightarrow G_E = \mathbb{F}_q[[E]]$ where $\pi \cdot (k_0, \dots, k_{d-1}) = (\mathbb{F}(k_{d-1}), k_0, \dots, k_{d-2})$

$$\widetilde{G}_d = \varprojlim_{x \in \pi} G_d = \text{Spf}(\mathbb{F}_q[[k_0^{1/t^\infty}, \dots, k_{d-1}^{1/t^\infty}]])$$

\hookrightarrow formal E -v.s. (E-v.s. in the cat. of formal schemes)
 as we defined them w.r. Fontaine

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \widetilde{G}_d(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{F}}) \xrightarrow{\sim} P_{\mathbb{F}, d} & \text{and} & P_{\mathbb{F}, d} \times P_{\mathbb{F}, d'} \rightarrow P_{\mathbb{F}, d+d'} \text{ is given by} \\
 \uparrow \text{cat. of E-v.s.} & & \widetilde{G}_d \times \widetilde{G}_{d'} \rightarrow \widetilde{G}_{d+d'}
 \end{array}$$

$$\bigoplus_{d \geq 0} \widetilde{G}_d = \text{graded algebra in the cat. of formal E-v.s.}$$

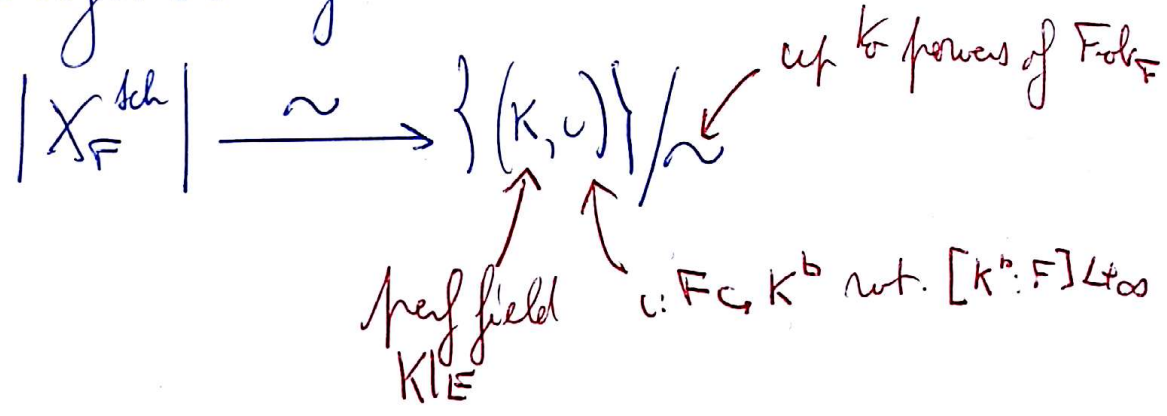
($\widetilde{G}_0 = \mathbb{E}$ not really formal, stable)

Th. * X_F^{sch} is a Dedekind scheme / E

* $\forall x \in |X_F^{sch}|$ closed point $b(x)/E$ is perfectoid

and $b(x)^b / F$ with $\underbrace{[b(x)^b : F]}_{=: \deg(x)} < \infty$

* This defines a bijection



* $\forall \infty \in |X_F^{sch}|$ s.t. $\deg(\infty) = 1 \quad \exists t \in P_1 \setminus \{0\} = H^0(X_F^{sch}, \mathcal{O}(1))$

where $\mathcal{O}(1) = \widetilde{P[1]}$

s.t. $D^+(\infty) = \{\infty\}$ and

$$D^+(\infty) = X_F^{sch} \setminus \{\infty\} = \text{Spec} \left(\underbrace{\mathcal{O}(Y_F)[\frac{1}{t}]}_{B_{\text{class}}(b(\infty))} \right)^{\varphi = \text{Id}}$$

$B_{\text{class}}(b(\infty))^{\varphi = \text{Id}}$ if $E = \mathbb{Q}_t$

then $\Gamma(X_{\mathbb{C}}^{\text{cl}}, \mathcal{O}_X)$ is a P.I.D. of \mathbb{C} -alg. closed
 (only a Dedekind domain in general)

$$\text{Pic}^0(X_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{sch}}) = 0 \Leftrightarrow \text{deg: Pic} \cong \mathbb{Z}.$$

* $X_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{sch}}$ is complete: $\forall f \in \Gamma(X_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{sch}})^{\times} \quad \text{deg}(\text{div } f) = 0$

\Rightarrow good degree function on vector bundles / $X_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{sch}}$

\Rightarrow H.N. reduction theory
 (good notion of semi-stability)

* \exists morphism of Mixed spaces

$$\alpha: X_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{cl}} \longrightarrow X_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{sch}}$$

that induces a bijection $|X_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{cl}}| \xrightarrow{\sim} |X_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{sch}}| = \text{closed points}$

Classical Tate points \swarrow D.V.R. in $X_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{sch}}$ is Dedekind

st. if $x \in X_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{cl}}$ is a Tate point $\widehat{\mathcal{O}}_{X_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{cl}}, x} \xrightarrow{\sim} \widehat{\mathcal{O}}_{X_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{sch}}, x}$

$$B_{\text{dR}}^+(b(x))$$

(3)

* GAGA: $\alpha^*: \text{Bun}_{X_F} \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Bun}_{X_{\text{an}, F}}$

Back to the Picard Stack

$$\text{Pic} = \coprod_{d \in \mathbb{Z}} \text{Pic}^d$$

Notation: A locally pro-finite set

A = pro-étale sheaf on $\text{Perf}_{\mathbb{Z}_p}$ defined by

$$\underline{A}(S) = \mathcal{C}(|S|, A)$$

If $A = \bigcup_i \varprojlim_j B_{ij}$ then $\underline{A} = \varinjlim_i \varprojlim_j B_{ij}$

$\underbrace{\varprojlim_j B_{ij}}_{\text{finite}}$
 $\underbrace{\quad}_{\text{pro-finite open in } A}$

\uparrow usual constant étale sheaf.

Fact: $\Gamma(S, \mathcal{O}_{X_S}) = \underline{E}(S)$

$\Rightarrow \forall d \in \mathbb{Z}$ the sheaf $S \mapsto \text{Aut}(\mathcal{O}_{X_S}(d))$ is \underline{E}^{\times}

Th: $\forall d \in \mathbb{Z}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Pic}^d & \xrightarrow{\sim} & [\text{Spa}(\mathbb{F}_1) / \underline{E}^{\times}] \\ \mathcal{L} & \longmapsto & [\text{Isom}_{\mathbb{G}_{\underline{E}^{\times}}}(\mathcal{O}(d), \mathcal{L})] \end{array}$$

i.e. if \mathcal{L}/X_S s.t. $\forall \bar{S} \rightarrow S$ $\mathcal{L}|_{X_{\bar{S}}} \cong \mathcal{O}(d)$

then $\exists \tilde{S} \rightarrow S$ pro-étale cover s.t. $\mathcal{L}|_{X_{\tilde{S}}} \cong \mathcal{O}_{X_{\tilde{S}}}(d)$.

\rightarrow looks like there is no geometry since $\text{Jac} = \{0\}$ but in fact there is geometry in A.J. morphism.

Div¹:

Div¹ = sheaf of degree 1- Cartier divisors on the curve.

"Classical context": Div¹_X = X. This is not the case here.

Div¹ = some kind of "mirror image of the curve"

~~Div¹~~ Div¹ pro- abelian sheaf



Div¹(S) = {f/g} / L = ~~the~~ line bundle / X_S
f ∈ H⁰(X_S, L) s.t. ∀ S S {X_S(S) ≠ 0} / ~

↑
handwritten

Th: Spa(E)[◇] / P_{E[◇]} → Div¹ which is then a diamond.

$$X_S^\diamond = (S \times \text{Spa}(E)^\diamond) / \mathcal{F}_S^\mathbb{Z} \quad \Bigg| \quad \text{Der}_S^1 = (S \times \text{Spa}(E)^\diamond) / \mathcal{F}_{E^\diamond}^\mathbb{Z}$$

$\mathcal{F}_{E^\diamond} \circ \mathcal{F}_S =$ absolute Frob acts identically on the étale / pro-étale analytic topoi

$\Rightarrow X_S^\diamond$ and Der_S^1 have the same top. space / étale site but are not isomorphic.

Ex. $E = \mathbb{F}_q((\bar{u}))$

